

Patient Group Direction: For the supply of ASPIRIN 75MG DISPERSIBLE TABLETS by Community Pharmacists in Somerset to pregnant patients considered to be at high risk of pre-eclampsia (PGD MAS 7 Version 1.1)

Staff involved in the development of this PGD:

	Name	Signature	Date
Physician	Dr Andrew Tresidder Somerset CCG Prescribing and Medicines Management Group Chair	Andrew Tresidaler	08.12.21
Pharmacist	Hels Bennett Medicines Manager, Somerset CCG	U.M. Bennett	08.12.2021

Hels Be		Manager, NHS Somerset CCG, anager, NHS Somerset CCG
Expiry [Date: 7 th Decembe	r 2023
Authori	sed for use across	s NHS Somerset CCG by:
	son, Director of Q ance Lead)	uality and Nursing for NHS Somerset CCG (Acting as Clinical
Signed:	Varjan	Date: 08.12.2021
Date of I	Implementation: 8th	
то ве с	COMPLETED BY P	HARMACY AUTHORISING MANAGER:
l,		, as authorising manager for
		pharmacy, have read and approved this PGD for use by
appropr	iate healthcare pr	ofessionals employed at my pharmacy. I understand that I am
respons	sible for ensuring	that pharmacy staff have adequate training to ensure that ASPIRIN
75MG [DISPERSIBLE TA	BLETS is supplied to patients in strict accordance with this PGD.
Signed.		Dated



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Expiry Date: 7th December 2023

The healthcare professionals named below are authorised to supply ASPIRIN 75MG
DISPERSIBLE TABLETS as specified under this Patient Group Direction, being employees o
(INSERT PHARMACY NAME)

In signing this document, I confirm the following:

- I have read and understood the above mentioned PGD.
- I agree to practice only within the bounds of my own competence and in accordance with my Code of Professional Conduct.
- I have the qualifications required under the staff characteristics detailed in the PGD
- I am competent to operate under this PGD.
- I agree to administer/supply the above preparations in accordance with this PGD

NAME (please print)	TITLE	SIGNATURE	AUTHORISING MANAGER (please print)	MANAGER'S SIGNATURE	DATE

- Complete additional pages as necessary.
- Retain original signed pages (1) and (2) with authorising manager.



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N.B. You must be authorised <u>by name</u>, <u>under the current version</u> of this PGD before you attempt to work in accordance with it.

1. Clinical Condition

Definition of condition/situation

- Pregnant patients considered to be at high risk of pre-eclampsia who are advised to take low dose aspirin as per NICE guidelines (NG133).
- For the purposes of this document, the word patient(s) will be used to refer to women and people assigned female at birth.

Criteria for inclusion

- Aged 17 years or over
- Valid informed consent given
- Pregnant patients at high risk of pre-eclampsia.

Patients at high risk are those with any of the following:

- hypertensive disease during a previous pregnancy
- > chronic kidney disease
- autoimmune disease such as systemic lupus erythematosus or antiphospholipid syndrome
- > type 1 or type 2 diabetes
- > chronic hypertension
- <u>Or:</u> Pregnant patients with <u>two or more</u> moderate risk factors for preeclampsia.

Factors indicating moderate risk are:

- first pregnancy
- > age 40 years or older
- pregnancy interval of more than 10 years
- body mass index (BMI) of 35kg/m² or more at first visit
- > family history of pre-eclampsia
- multi-fetal pregnancy

Off-label use

The use of aspirin is off-label for this indication. Its use is in accordance with NICE guideline NG133 Hypertension in pregnancy: diagnosis and management. Patients should be made aware of this off-label use in order to give informed consent.



Exclusion criteria

- Consent not obtained (if capacity is a problem, refer to GP)
- Known hypersensitivity to aspirin, salicylic acid compounds, NSAIDs or prostaglandin synthetase inhibitors or to any of the excipients – see SPC for full details (link in references).
- Asthma triggered by aspirin or NSAIDs
- Peptic ulceration or history of peptic ulceration and/or gastric/intestinal haemorrhage, or other kinds of bleeding e.g. cerebrovascular haemorrhages
- Severe hepatic impairment
- Severe renal impairment
- Gout
- Patients under 17 years old
- Current COVID-19 infection
- Haemorrhagic diathesis; coagulation disorders such as haemophilia and thrombocytopenia.
- Patients with Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency
- Patients currently prescribed any of the following:
 - Anti-coagulants
 - Anti-platelet agents
 - Methotrexate
 - NSAIDs
 - Oral steroids
 - Selective serotonin-reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs)
 - Uricosuric agents e.g. probenecid, sulfinpyrazone
 - Digoxin
 - Lithium
 - Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors e.g. acetazolamide
 - Ciclosporin or tacrolimus
 - Valproate
 - Phenytoin
 - Antihypertensives
 - Diuretics
 - Retinoids

Caution

- For a full list of special warnings, precautions for use & interactions consult the SmPC available at: https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc and the BNF
- Breastfeeding refer to Specialist Pharmacy Service for further guidance https://www.sps.nhs.uk/articles/oral-antiplatelet-agents-d-are-they-safe-in-breastfeeding/
- Urgently refer to patient's GP if prescribed any regular medications which require urgent review in pregnancy. Including (but not exhaustive):
 - Valproates
 - Antiepileptic medication
 - Chronic pain medication
 - DMARDs



Clinical Commissioning Group

Action if excluded

- Document reason for exclusion and any action taken or advice given in the clinical records.
- Refer to appropriate medical practitioner or for urgent medical attention as appropriate to avoid delay in treatment.
- Refer to medical practitioner if patient excluded or if no valid consent.

Action if patient refuses medication

• Refer to medical practitioner or for urgent medical attention as appropriate.

2. Characteristics of Staff

Professional qualification to be held by staff working under this Patient Group Direction

Pharmacist registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC) and competent to work with this patient group direction (PGD), including familiarity with NICE guidance on PGDs (see references).

Additional requirements

- Must have completed initial training and/or be familiar with the current service level agreement
- Must be familiar with NICE guidance 'Hypertension in pregnancy: diagnosis and management NICE guideline [NG133] Published: 25 June 2019 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng133/chapter/Recommendations
- Must have access to a current copy of the BNF
- Consultation room available for discussion
- The individual pharmacist's competence with respect to their practice under this PGD will be assessed by their mentor/manager on a regular basis
- It is the responsibility of the pharmacist to keep up to date with their continued professional development, in line with GPhC requirements
- The pharmacist must be alert to changes in Summaries of Product Characteristics, and Drug Safety Updates from the MHRA
- CPPE level 2 Safeguarding children and vulnerable adults, or equivalent



3. Description of Treatment

Name of Medicine	Aspirin 75mg dispersible tablets	
Legal Class	POM (Prescription Only Medicine)	
Storage	 Do not store above 25°C Keep the product in the original container in order to protect from light and moisture 	
Method or route of administration	• Oral	
Dose to be used	150mg (Two 75mg tablets)	
Frequency	150mg (Two 75mg tablets) ONCE daily at night, with or after food. To be taken from 12 weeks gestation until birth of the baby.	
Total dose and number of times drug to be given. Details of supply (if supply made)	 It is intended that the GP will continue to supply the medication thereafter However, further supplies of 28 days duration may be supplied against this PGD if required 	



Advice and information to patient/carer including follow-up

- Ensure that the Patient Information Leaflet (PIL) is provided and advise the
 patient to read the leaflet before using the medicine and that the pharmacy can
 be contacted if any gueries arise.
- Provide patient with the leaflet '*Taking aspirin to reduce the risk of pre*eclampsia', available from https://www.somersetccg.nhs.uk/prescribing-and-medicines-management/shared-care/
- Provide full explanation of the risks and benefits to the patient (including the off-label use of the medicine in order to obtain informed consent).
- Advise patient that the tablet should be dispersed in water and taken with or after food - aspirin should not be taken on an empty stomach.
- Drinking alcohol with aspirin may increase the risk of gastrointestinal bleeding and prolong bleeding time. It is recommended not to drink alcohol at all while pregnant.
- Provide information on possible side-effects and management.

The following are well known side-effects of aspirin; see the Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/ and the current edition of the BNF for full details and updates

- indigestion, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and gastrointestinal bleeding which can lead to haemorrhage and perforation
- bruising or bleeding more easily e.g. cuts may take longer than normal to stop
- aspirin may precipitate bronchospasm and induce asthma attacks or other hypersensitivity reactions in susceptible individuals
- The patient should be advised to stop aspirin and seek emergency advice and assistance if they notice any of the following serious side effects:
 - Sudden wheezing, swelling of the lips, face or body, rash, fainting or difficulties swallowing (severe allergic reaction)
 - Reddening of the skin with blisters or peeling which may be associated with a high fever and joint pains. This could be erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome or Lyell's syndrome.
 - Unusual bleeding, such as coughing up blood, blood in vomit or urine, or black stools
- Advise patient to discuss with their midwife, so they are aware that they have initiated or will initiate aspirin at 12 weeks.
- Advise patient that COVID-19 can be associated with thrombocytopenia. When aspirin is being taken as prophylaxis for pre-eclampsia, it should be discontinued for the duration of the infection as this may increase the bleeding risk in women with thrombocytopenia. 2021-11-02-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-in-pregnancy-v14.1.pdf (rcog.org.uk) Advise patient to contact their midwife, consultant or GP if they have symptoms of COVID-19.



Adverse effects: Any serious adverse reaction should be documented e.g. in the consent forms, patient's medical record and the GP should also be informed. Unusual /persistent side effects should be followed up with a medical practitioner.
Any serious adverse events that may be attributable to aspirin should be reported to the MHRA using the yellow card system (www.yellowcard.gov.uk) and also follow the local incident reporting procedure.



Specify method of recording supply /administration including audit trail

It is a legal requirement to keep auditable records of administration and supply of medication via a PGD.

Information entered into a patient clinical record should include:

- Patient's name, address and date of birth
- Informed consent given
- Indication including risk factor (s)
- Name, strength, form and pack size of medication supplied
- Date supplied
- Information and advice given to the patient.
- Signature/name and GPhC number of pharmacist who supplied the medication, and name and address of pharmacy
- Details of any drug interactions experienced
- Details of any adverse reactions experienced
- Any patient decline or reason for exclusion
- Record that medicine supplied via Patient Group Direction

A computer or manual record of all individuals receiving treatment under this Patient Group Direction should also be kept for audit purposes within each pharmacy. Check with employer which method of recording is to be used.

The GP practice should be informed of the consultation and supply of medication. Data must be stored in accordance with Caldicott guidance and the Data Protection Act.



References used in the development of this PGD:

- Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) <u>www.medicines.org.uk</u>
- Current edition of British National Formulary (BNF)
- General Pharmaceutical Council standards
- 'National Institute for Health and Care Excellence. Medicines Practice Guidelines, 'Patient Group Directions' last updated March 2017. https://www.nice.org.uk/Guidance/MPG2
- Hypertension in pregnancy: diagnosis and management NICE guideline [NG133] Published: 25 June 2019 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng133/chapter/Recommendations
- Drugs & Lactation Database (LactMed) accessed 09.08.2021 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK501196/
- The Breastfeeding Network accessed 09.08.2021 <u>Low dose aspirin and breastfeeding Breastfeeding and Medication (breastfeeding-and-medication.co.uk)</u>
- Specialist Pharmacy Service accessed 09.08.2021 https://www.sps.nhs.uk/articles/oral-antiplatelet-agents-d-are-they-safe-in-breastfeeding/
- Coronavirus (COVID-19) Infection in Pregnancy Version 14.1 RCOG Published 02.11.2021 https://www.rcog.org.uk/globalassets/documents/guidelines/2021-11-02-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-in-pregnancy-v14.1.pdf

Please refer to the summary of product characteristics for full information

This Patient Group Direction is operational from 8th December 2021 and expires 7th December 2023

Version History

Version	Date	Brief Summary of Change	Owner's Name
0.1	09.08.2021	New PGD created	Hels Bennett, Medicines Manager, Somerset CCG
0.2	06.10.2021	Minor updates following comments from Somerset FT, LPC & LMC	Hels Bennett, Medicines Manager, Somerset CCG
1.0	01.12.2021	Minor updates following comments from Somerset CCG Prescribing & Medicines Management committee	Hels Bennett, Medicines Manager, Somerset CCG
1.1	08.12.2021	PGD updated with RCOG guidance: Coronavirus (COVID- 19) infection in pregnancy. Current COVID-19 infection added to Exclusion Criteria, advice to patient added	Hels Bennett, Medicines Manager, Somerset CCG